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8  
9 **BEFORE THE**  
**BOARD OF REGISTERED NURSING**  
10 **DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS**  
**STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

11 Case No. **2013-123**

12 In the Matter of the Accusation Against:

13 **PATRICIA SHAYNE GUE**  
14 **135 Pepperwood Street**  
**San Jacinto, CA 92582**

**A C C U S A T I O N**

15 **Registered Nurse License No. 349676**

16 Respondent.

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18 Complainant alleges:

19 **PARTIES**

20 1. Louise R. Bailey, M.Ed., RN (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in her  
21 official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing, Department of  
22 Consumer Affairs.

23 2. On or about September 30, 1982, the Board of Registered Nursing issued Registered  
24 Nurse License Number 349676 to Patricia Shayne Gue (Respondent). The Registered Nurse  
25 License was in full force and effect at all times relevant to the charges brought herein and will  
26 expire on April 30, 2014, unless renewed.  
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1 9. Title 16, California Code of Regulations, section 1443, provides:

2 As used in Section 2761 of the code, "incompetence" means the lack of  
3 possession of or the failure to exercise that degree of learning, skill, care and  
4 experience ordinarily possessed and exercised by a competent registered nurse as  
described in Section 1443.5.

5 10. Title 16, California Code of Regulations, section 1443.5, provides:

6 A registered nurse shall be considered to be competent when he/she  
7 consistently demonstrates the ability to transfer scientific knowledge from social,  
biological and physical sciences in applying the nursing process, as follows:

8 (1) Formulates a nursing diagnosis through observation of the client's  
9 physical condition and behavior, and through interpretation of information  
obtained from the client and others, including the health team.

10 (2) Formulates a care plan, in collaboration with the client, which ensures  
11 that direct and indirect nursing care services provide for the client's safety,  
12 comfort, hygiene, and protection, and for disease prevention and restorative  
measures.

13 (3) Performs skills essential to the kind of nursing action to be taken,  
14 explains the health treatment to the client and family and teaches the client  
and family how to care for the client's health needs.

15 (4) Delegates tasks to subordinates based on the legal scopes of practice of  
16 the subordinates and on the preparation and capability needed in the tasks to  
17 be delegated, and effectively supervises nursing care being given by  
subordinates.

18 (5) Evaluates the effectiveness of the care plan through observation of the  
19 client's physical condition and behavior, signs and symptoms of illness, and  
20 reactions to treatment and through communication with the client and health  
team members, and modifies the plan as needed.

21 (6) Acts as the client's advocate, as circumstances require, by initiating  
22 action to improve health care or to change decisions or activities which are  
23 against the interests or wishes of the client, and by giving the client the  
opportunity to make informed decisions about health care before it is  
24 provided.

## 25 COST RECOVERY

26 11. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the  
27 administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of  
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1 the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and  
2 enforcement of the case.

### 3 **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

4 12. Respondent was employed as a registered nurse at San Gorgonio Memorial Hospital  
5 (SGMH) beginning in 1988. In or around 2006, Respondent became House Supervisor at  
6 SGMH. Respondent was House Supervisor on the night shifts from September 17, 2008 at  
7 approximately 19:30 hours to September 18, 2008 at 08:00 hours, and September 18, 2008 at  
8 approximately 19:30 hours to September 19, 2008 at 08:00 hours. As House Supervisor,  
9 Respondent was responsible for reporting incidents and/or changes in conditions of patients to the  
10 oncoming House Supervisor, ensuring that appropriate assessments and revisions in plan of care  
11 were made in compliance with the hospital's policies and procedures, ensuring that registry staff  
12 were properly oriented in the hospital's policies and procedures, directly monitoring the registry  
13 staff, being aware of fall risk status of all patients, ensuring that all potential recommended  
14 interventions were carried out by nursing personnel, and ensuring that appropriate staffing was  
15 available during the shift to provide necessary monitoring for patients.

16 13. Patient A was admitted to the Medical/Surgical Telemetry Unit at SGMH during the  
17 day shift (0600 hours to 1830 hours) on September 17, 2008 at 17:25 hours. Patient A's  
18 admitting diagnoses included newly-identified weakness/paralysis, slurred speech,  
19 cerebrovascular accident (stroke) and hypertension (high blood pressure). Patient A's assessment  
20 report reflected that Patient A was to be on bed-rest, required assistance from the nurses and had a  
21 history of falls. The initial care plan contained a note on September 17, 2008 at 17:36 hours  
22 stating that Patient A was at risk for falls. The Morse Fall Scale<sup>1</sup> is an assessment tool used by  
23 S.G.M.H. to evaluate a patient's risk for falls. Patient A's score upon admission was documented  
24 as 45 (medium risk of fall) based on a history of a fall at home 1-2 weeks prior to admission. In  
25 addition, Patient A had lower extremity weakness, a weak gait and an IV in place.

26 <sup>1</sup> A Morse Fall Scale score of 0-24 means that there is a low risk of fall, 24-50 means that  
27 there is a medium risk of fall, and 51 and above means that there is a high risk of fall. If a  
28 patient's fall risk is determined to be high, the nursing care is changed to reduce a patient's risk of  
falling.

1        14. During the night shift, at approximately 5:00 hours on September 18, 2008, Patient A  
2 fell in the unit. An LVN was assigned to Patient A at the time of the fall, and was aware of the  
3 fall. The LVN wrote in a late entry nursing note that she notified the assigned registered nurse,  
4 RN Ruth, of Patient A's fall. The LVN contacted the physician assistant, who assessed Patient A  
5 after the fall, and documented the assessment in Patient A's medical record in the  
6 Interdisciplinary Progress Notes. Respondent was not informed of Patient A's fall at 5:00 hours.

7        15. RN Ruth, Charge Nurse Riqueza and Respondent did not orally report Patient A's fall  
8 to the oncoming day shift, beginning at approximately 6:00 hours on September 18, 2008. As a  
9 result, Patient A's plan of care was not modified, the fall risk score was not increased and the  
10 increased monitoring of Patient A appropriate to prevent a subsequent fall was not done.

11       16. There was no report of any unusual behavior by Patient A during the day shift on  
12 September 18, 2008. At the change of shift at approximately 18:00 hours, the day shift nursing  
13 staff gave a report to the on-coming night nursing staff assigned to Patient A, including RN  
14 Rebecca.

15       17. During the night shift on September 18, 2008, Patient A was seen out of bed on at  
16 least three different occasions. Respondent was notified that Patient A was seen out of bed and  
17 wandering the halls. Respondent did not instruct any of the nursing staff to do a re-assessment or  
18 to recalculate the patient's Morse Fall Score. RN Rebecca requested a sitter to monitor Patient A  
19 but was informed by Charge Nurse Riqueza that a sitter was not available. RN Rebecca obtained  
20 an order for a safety belt, soft wrist restraints, and Haldol at 21:15 hours. Respondent signed off  
21 on the order. RN Rebecca notified Charge Nurse Riqueza of the order and asked for the physical  
22 restraints. RN Rebecca, who was a registry nurse, was unaware of where the restraints were  
23 located and believed that Charge Nurse Riqueza would obtain the restraints which were located in  
24 Respondent's office.<sup>2</sup> Haldol was not administered to Patient A because the patient was asleep.  
25 The restraints were not applied to Patient A prior to 21:55 hours.

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27       <sup>2</sup> Staff were able to obtain the restraints with no checkout procedure.  
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18. On September 18, 2008, at approximately 21:55 hours, Patient A was found lying face down outside his assigned room, the result of a second fall. Patient A sustained serious physical and neurological injuries causing deterioration in the patient's physical condition. A CT scan of Patient A's brain after the fall confirmed subarachnoid hemorrhage.<sup>3</sup>

19. Patient A was transferred to facility B on September 19, 2008 at 9:10 hours due to complications from the second fall. Patient A died on September 23, 2008 at 19:06 hours with the cause of death listed as subarachnoid hemorrhage and blunt force trauma as the result of an accident.

**FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE**

**(Unprofessional Conduct – Gross Negligence)**

20. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2761(a)(1) of the Code in that during her assigned shifts as House Supervisor at SGMH, Respondent was grossly negligent by failing to provide care which she knew or should have known jeopardized the patient's life, as is set forth in paragraphs 12 through 19 above, in that Respondent failed to supervise timely implementation of physician orders for chemical and physical restraints for Patient A, who was at risk for falls.

## SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

**(Unprofessional Conduct – Incompetence)**

21. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2761(a)(1) of the Code in that during her assignment at SGMH, Respondent demonstrated incompetence in her care of Patient A, as she failed to exercise the degree of learning, skill, care and experience ordinarily possessed and exercised by a competent registered nurse, when she failed to effectively supervise registry RN Rebecca's care of Patient A, who was at risk for falls, and failed to assess registry RN Rebecca's orientation and compliance with hospital policy and procedure relating to restraints, as is set forth in paragraphs 12 through 19 above, which are incorporated herein as though set forth in full.

<sup>3</sup> A subarachnoid hemorrhage is a bleeding in the brain.

1 **PRAYER**

2 WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged,  
3 and that following the hearing, the Board of Registered Nursing issue a decision:

4 1. Revoking or suspending Registered Nurse License Number 349676, issued to Patricia  
5 Shayne Gue;

6 2. Ordering Patricia Shayne Gue to pay the Board of Registered Nursing the reasonable  
7 costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions  
8 Code section 125.3;

9 3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.  
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12 DATED: August 13, 2012

Stacie Benn

13 for LOUISE R. BAILEY, M.ED., RN  
14 Executive Officer  
15 Board of Registered Nursing  
16 Department of Consumer Affairs  
17 State of California  
18 Complainant  
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